

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product:

REFRIGERANT GAS R-404A

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SDS No.: 006511-001 (Version 1.1)

Date 2017/10/13 (Cancel and replace : 2017/09/26)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Identification of the mixture: REFRIGERANT GAS R-404A

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use :

Use of the Substance/Mixture :	Refrigerant
Company/Undertaking Identification:	
Manufacturer	Arkema Daikin Advanced Fluorochemicals (Changshu) Co., Ltd
	No.18 Haining Road, Advanced Materials Industrial Park
	215522 Changshu, Jiangsu, China
	Telephone: +86 512 5232 2688
	Telefax: +86 512 5232 2788
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Emergency telephone number

NCEC Emergency CARECHEM 24: +65 3158 1074

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture:

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas, H280 Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 3, H402

Additional information:

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements:

GHS-Labelling



Prevention: P273 : Avoid release to the environment. Storage: P410 + P403 : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Disposal: P502 : Refer to manufacturer/ supplier for information on recovery/ recycling.

Special labelling:

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol. Contains: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane; Pentafluoroethane; 1,1,1 Trifluoroethane.

2.3. Other hazards:

Potential health effects:

Inhalation: As with other volatile aliphatic halogenated compounds, through vapour accumulation and/or inhalation of large quantities, the product can cause : Loss of consciousness and cardiac disorders aggravated by stress and lack of oxygen, risk of mortality Skin contact: Ejection of liquefied gas : frostbite possible

Environmental Effects:

Not readily biodegradable. Not bioaccumulable.

Physical and chemical hazards:

Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products Decomposition products: See chapter 10

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

Chemical nature of the mixture¹:

Hazardous components:

Chemical name ¹	EC-No.	CAS-No.	Concentration	Classification
Pentafluoroethane	206-557-8	354-33-6	<= 46 %	Press. Gas LG; H280
1,1,1 Trifluoroethane	206-996-5	420-46-2	<= 53 %	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas LG; H280
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	212-377-0	811-97-2	<= 6 %	Press. Gas LG; H280 Ozone 1; H420

1: See chapter 14 for Proper Shipping Name

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

General advice:

No hazards which require special first aid measures.

Inhalation:

Move patient from contaminated area to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of persistent problems : Consult a physician.

Skin contact:

Wash off with plenty of water. Frostbite : treat as thermal burns.

Eye contact:

Wash immediately, abundantly and thoroughly with water. If irritation persists, consult an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion:

No hazards which require special first aid measures.

Protection of first-aiders:

If entering a saturated atmosphere, wear a self contained breathing apparatus.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: No data available.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treatment: Do not administer catecholamines (because of the cardiac effect caused by the product).

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use extinguishing measures to suit surroundings.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products : Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon oxides One of the components of this preparation gives flammable mixtures with air

5.3. Advice for firefighters:

Specific methods:

Prohibit all sources of sparks and ignition - Do not smoke. Ensure a system for the rapid emptying of containers. In case of fire, remove exposed containers. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours. In enclosed areas : ventilate or wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (risk of anoxia). Remove all sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Evacuate non-essential staff and those not equipped with individual protection apparatus.

6.2. Environmental precautions:

Do not release into the environment.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Recovery: Allow to evaporate.

Elimination: See chapter 13

6.4. Reference to other sections: None.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

Technical measures/Precautions:

Storage and handling precautions applicable to products:

pressurised liquified gas

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Provide self-contained breathing apparatus nearby. Provide showers, eye-baths. Well ventilate empty vats and tanks before entering.

Safe handling advice:

Prohibit ignition sources and contact with hot surfaces - DO NOT SMOKE.

Hygiene measures:

Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Avoid exposure to vapour. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: None.

Packaging material:

Recommended: Ordinary steel **To be avoided:** Alloys containing more than 2% of magnesium, Plastic materials

7.3. Specific end use(s): None.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters:

Exposure Limit Values	Not relevant			
8.2. Exposure controls: General protective measures:	Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.			
Personal protective equipment:				
Respiratory protection:	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.			
Hand protection:	Leather gloves			
Eye/face protection:	Safety glasses with side-shields			
Skin and body protection:	Protective clothing (cotton)			

Environmental exposure controls: See chapter 6

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	
Physical state (20°C):	gaseous
Form:	Liquefied gas
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	Slightly ether-like
Olfactory threshold:	No data available
pH:	Not applicable
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	
Melting point/range :	-108 °C
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	
Melting point/range :	-103 °C
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	
Melting point/range :	-111 °C
Boiling point/boiling range :	-45.8 °C
Flash point:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	
Flammability:	Non flammable product (Standard NF EN 378-1)
Vapour pressure:	3.53 MPa , at 70 °C
	2.33 MPa , at 50 °C
	1.27 MPa , at 25 °C
Vapour density:	5.39 kg/m3 At the boiling point
Density:	1,041 kg/m3 , at 25 °C Liquefied gas
Water solubility:	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :
	log Kow : 1.74 , at 20 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (calculated)
	PENTAFLUOROETHANE :
	log Kow : 1.48 , at 25 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (OECD Test Guideline 107)
	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :
	log Kow : 1.06 , at 25 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (OECD Test Guideline 107)
Auto-ignition temperature :	1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :
	750 °C at 1,013 hPa
	PENTAFLUOROETHANE :
	Not applicable
	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :
-	> 743 °C at 1,013 hPa
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity, kinematic:	Not applicable
Explosive properties:	
Explosivity:	Not relevant (due to the chemical structure)
Oxidizing properties:	Not relevant (due to the chemical structure)

9.2. Other data:

Critical point:

Critical pressure: 3.74 MPa, Critical temperature: 72 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: No data available.

10.2. <u>Chemical stability:</u> The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid:

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Protect from light. Avoid contact with flames and red hot metallic surfaces

10.5. Incompatible materials to avoid:

Alkaline hydroxides, Alkaline earth metals, Strong oxidizing agents, Finely divided metals

10.6. <u>Hazardous decomposition products:</u> Thermal decomposition giving very toxic and corrosive products, Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:	
Inhalation:	According to its composition, can be considered as : Slightly harmful by inhalation
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	As with other volatile aliphatic halogenated compounds, through vapour accumulation and/or inhalation of large quantities, the product can cause :, Loss of consciousness and cardiac disorders aggravated by stress and lack of oxygen, risk of mortality
• In animals :	No mortality/4 h/Rat: 591000 ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 403)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	Effects of breathing high concentrations of vapour may include:, headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness As with other volatile aliphatic halogenated compounds, through vapour accumulation and/or inhalation of large quantities, the product can cause :, Loss of consciousness and cardiac disorders aggravated by stress and lack of oxygen, risk of mortality
• In animals :	No mortality/4 h/Rat: 800000 ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 403)
 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : In animals : 	As with other volatile aliphatic halogenated compounds, through vapour accumulation and/or inhalation of large quantities, the product can cause :, Loss of consciousness and cardiac disorders aggravated by stress and lack of oxygen, risk of mortality No mortality/4 h/Rat: 567000 ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 403)
Local effects (Corrosion / Irritation /	Central nervous system depression, narcosis
Skin contact:	Ejection of liquefied gas : frostbite possible
Eye contact:	Ejection of liquefied gas : frostbite possible
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	
Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin contact:	Not relevant (gas)
CMR effects :	
Mutagenicity:	According to its composition : According to available experimental data: Not genotoxic

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In vitro	
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	
.,	Ames test: negative (Method: OECD Test Guideline 471) In vitro chromosomal abnormality test on human lymphocytes: negative
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	Ames test: negative (Method: OECD Test Guideline 471) In vitro test for chromosomal abnormalities on CHO cells: negative (Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 In vitro chromosomal abnormality test on human lymphocytes: negative (Method: OECD Test Guidelin 476)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	Ames test in vitro: Inactive (Method: OECD Test Guideline 471) In vitro chromosomal abnormality test on human lymphocytes: Inactive (Method: OECD Test Guideline 473) In vitro gene mutations test on mammalian cells: Inactive
In vivo	
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	Micronucleus test in vivo mouse: negative
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	
	Micronucleus test in vivo mouse: negative (Method: OECD Test Guideline 474)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	Micronucleus test in vivo mouse: Inactive (Method: OECD Test Guideline 474) DNA repair test on rats hepatocytes: Inactive
Carcinogenicity:	Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having carcinogenic potential
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	According to available experimental data: No effect maximum concentration (Rat, 1 year, By oral route)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Absence of carcinogenic effects (Rat, 2 years, By inhalation) No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL): 10,000 ppm
	Absence of carcinogenic effects (Rat, 1 year, By oral route) No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL): 300 mg/kg bw/day
Reproductive toxicity:	
Fertility:	Based on the available information, it is not possible to conclude on the hasard potential of the mixture.
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	No data available.
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	No data available.
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Two-generation study NOAEL (Parental toxicity): 50,000 ppm NOAEL (Fertility): 50,000 ppm NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 50000 ppm (rat, By inhalation)
Foetal development:	Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having developmental toxicity potential.
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 137 mg/l NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 137 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, rat, rabbit, By inhalation)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Absence of toxic effects for foetal development. NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 245 mg/l NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 245 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, rat, rabbit, By inhalation)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Absence of toxic effects for foetal development. NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 40,000 ppm NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 2,500 ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, Rabbit, By inhalation)

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	Absence of toxic effects for foetal development. NOAEL (Developmental Toxicity): 50,000 ppm NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 50,000 ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, Rat, By inhalation)
Specific target organ toxicity : Single exposure :	
Inhalation:	The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.
Repeated exposure:	The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	Studios of prolonged inholation is onimals have not shown sub chronic taxis affects
• In animals :	Studies of prolonged inhalation in animals have not shown sub-chronic toxic effects Inhalation: No specific toxic effects NOAEL= 40000ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 413, Rat, 3 Months)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Studies of prolonged inhalation in animals have not shown sub-chronic toxic effects
	Inhalation: NOAEL= 50000ppm (Method: OECD Test Guideline 413, Rat, 3 Months)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : • In animals :	Inhalation: No adverse effects reported. NOAEL= 50000ppm (Rat, Several years)
Aspiration hazard:	Not relevant
2. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Ecotoxicology Assessment:	All available and relevant data on this product and/or the components quoted in section 3 and/or the analogue substances/metabolites have been taken into account for the hazard assessment.
2.1. Acute toxicity :	
Fish:	According to its composition, can be considered as : Slightly harmful to fish
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	LC50 : 109 mg/l (Method: calculated)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
PROPANE, 1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOR	O- : LC50, 96 h (Danio rerio (zebra fish)) : > 200 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	LCE0.06 h (Salma gairdaari) : 450 mg/l (Mathad: OECD Tast Cuidaling 202)
•	LC50, 96 h (Salmo gairdneri) : 450 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203)
Aquatic invertebrates: 1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	According to its composition, can be considered as : Slightly harmful to daphnia
	EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 300 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE :	EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 200 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202)
Aquatic plants:	According to its composition, can be considered as : Slightly harmful to algae
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
1,1-DICHLORO-1-FLUOROETHANE	EC50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) : > 44 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 201) No
	enect up to the limit of solubility
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	effect up to the limit of solubility May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
PENTAFLUOROETHANE : 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are: May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:

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Microorganisms:	
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	EC10, 6 h (Pseudomonas putida) : > 730 mg/l
Aquatic toxicity / Long term toxicity:	
Aquatic plants:	
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
1,1-DICHLORO-1-FLUOROETHANE	
	NOEC, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)) : > 44 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guidelin 201, Growth inhibition) No effect up to the limit of solubility
12.2. Persistence and degradability :	
Biodegradation (In water):	All the products and/or main components quoted in section 3 and/or analogue substances/metabolites are not readily biodegradable.
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	Not readily biodegradable.: 3 % after 28 d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	Not readily biodegradable .: 5 % after 28 d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 D)
Photodegradation (In air):	
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	Degradation by radicals OH: Direct photolysis (Half-life) : 9,600 d
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	Degradation by radicals OH: Direct photolysis (Half-life) : 29 y
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	Degradation by radicals OH: Direct photolysis (Half-life) : 9.7 y
12.3. <u>Bioaccumulative potential :</u> Bioaccumulation:	None of the product and /or main component quoted in section 3 and/or analogue substance/metabolite is expected to bioaccumulate.
1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE :	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow : 1.74 , at 20 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (Method: calculated)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow : 1.48 , at 25 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (Method: OECD Test Guideline 107)
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow : 1.06 , at 25 °C, Slightly bioaccumulable. (Method: OECD Test Guideline 107)
12.4. Mobility in soil - Distribution amo	,
Substance :	1,1,1 TRIFLUOROETHANE : Predicted distribution to environmental compartments Water: 0.03 % Air: 100 %
	Soil: 0.01 % PENTAFLUOROETHANE : Predicted distribution to environmental compartments Air: 100 %
	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE : Predicted distribution to environmental compartments Water: 0.07 %

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Vapor pressure:	3.53 MPa, 70 °C 2.33 MPa, 50 °C 1.27 MPa, 25 °C	
Absorption / desorption: PENTAFLUOROETHANE :	las Kasi 4.2 - 4.7 (Mathadi aslaulatad.)	
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE :	log Koc: 1.3 - 1.7 (Method: calculated)	
2.6. Other adverse effects:		
2.6. Other adverse effects:		
Blobal warming potential (GWP):	1,1,1-TRIFLUOROETHANE , Global warming potential with respect Value: 4,352	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	PENTAFLUOROETHANE, Global warming potential with respect to Value: 3,400	to CO2 (time horizon 100 years) ,
	NORFLURANE , Global warming potential with respect to CO2 (tim	ne horizon 100 years) , Value: 1,300
Dzone depletion potential:	1,1,1-TRIFLUOROETHANE, Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-	11 = 1) , Value: 0
	PENTAFLUOROETHANE, Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11	= 1) , Value: 0

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment:

Disposal of product:

Recycle or incinerate at an approved waste disposal site. In accordance with local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	Regulation	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Class*		14.4. PG*	14.5. Environmental hazards	14.6. Special precautions for user
	IATA Cargo	3337	Refrigerant gas R 404A	2.2	2.2		no	
I	ATA Passenger	3337	Refrigerant gas R 404A	2.2	2.2		no	
	IMDG	3337	REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A	2.2	2.2		no	EmS Number: F-C, S-V

*Description:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Not listed Not listed	Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) Montreal Protocol. Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer, as amended
This product contains one or more component(s) listed on:	Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, Annex A, Greenhouse Gases
Not listed	Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade
Not listed	International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

INVENTORIES:

EINECS:	Conforms to
TSCA:	Conforms to
DSL:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
IECSC (CN):	Conforms to
ENCS (JP):	Conforms to
ISHL (JP):	Conforms to
KECI (KR):	Conforms to
PICCS (PH):	Conforms to
AICS:	Conforms to
NZIOC:	Conforms to

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H, EUH-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life.
H420	Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.
Further information	A significant new activity notice (SNAC notice) has been issued for 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143A) and Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), It is the responsibility of the users of the substance to be aware of and comply with the SNAC notice and to submit a SNAC notification to Environment Canada prior to the commencement of a significant new activity associated with the substance.

Update:

Safety datasheet sections which have been updated:		Туре:
8	Exposure Limit Values	Revisions
15	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	Revisions
1-16	General update of Safety Data Sheet.	Revisions
3	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	Revisions

Thesaurus: NOAEL : No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) LOAEL : Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL) bw : Body weight food : oral feed dw : Dry weight

This information applies to the PRODUCT AS SUCH and conforming to specifications of ARKEMA. In case of formulations or mixtures, it is necessary to ascertain that a new danger will not appear. The information contained is based on our knowledge of the product, at the date of publishing and it is given quite sincerely. Users are advised of possible additional hazards when the product is used in applications for which it was not intended. This sheet shall only be used and reproduced for prevention and security purposes. The references to legislative, regulatory and codes of practice documents cannot be considered as exhaustive. It is the responsibility of the person receiving the product to refer to the totality of the official documents concerning the use, the possession and the handling of the product. It is also the responsibility of the handlers of the product to pass on to any subsequent persons who will come into contact with the product (usage, storage, cleaning of containers, other processes) the totality of the information contained within this safety data sheet and necessary for safety at work, the protection of health and the protection of environment.

NB: In this document the numerical separator of the thousands is the "." (point), the decimal separator is "," (comma).